



**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS
(RAILWAY BOARD)**

THE RAILWAY PROTECTION FORCE

**ACT 1957
(23 of 1957)**

(As modified by Act No. 60 of 1985 and Act No. 52 of 2003)

(SECURITY DIRECTORATE)

(September, 2012)

PREFACE

The Railway Protection Force Act (RPF Act) was enacted by the Parliament in the year 1957 for constitution and regulation of a statutory Force in the name of Railway Protection Force. The Act came into force w.e.f. 10th September, 1959 with issuance of Gazette Notification by the Central Government to this effect.

The RPF Act was further modified by the RPF (Amendment) Act, 1985 (60 of 1985). The amendment was notified for general information vide the Ministry of Law & Justice gazette notification dated 9th September, 1985.

The Ministry of Railways published a compiled version of the RPF Act 1957, as modified in the year 1985, alongwith copy of the Ministry of Law & Justice gazette notification dated 9th September, 1985. Later, certain errors/omissions were found in the compiled version. Based on the advice of the Ministry of Law & Justice, a corrigendum notification was issued in the year 2006.

The issue was again examined in consultation with the Ministry of Law & Justice. The Ministry of Law & Justice advised for bringing out a fresh booklet containing correct version of the Railway Protection Force Act.

This compilation incorporates amendments done in the years 1985 (60 of 1985) and 2003 (52 of 2003) in the RPF Act, 1957. With publication of this booklet, the earlier version printed vide NR Press- 11,805/19-05-86 shall stand cancelled. In addition, corrigendum dated 04.08.2006 circulated vide letter no. 2006/Sec(Spl)/6/22, dated 12.09.2006 shall also stand cancelled as per advice of the Ministry of Law & Justice

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THE RAILWAY PROTECTION FORCE ACT, 1957
(Act No. 23 of 1957)

[29th August, 1957]

(As modified by Act No. 60 of 1985 and Act No. 52 of 2003)

An Act to provide for the constitution and regulation of an armed force of the Union for the better protection and security of railway property, passenger area and passengers and for matters connected therewith.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Act may be called the Railway Protection Force Act, 1957.
- (2) It extends to the whole of India.
- (3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

Definitions.

2. (1) In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,-
- (a) "Force" means the Railway Protection Force constituted under section 3;
- (b) "Director-General" means the Director-General of the Force appointed under sub-section (1) of section 4;
- (ba) "enrolled member of the Force" means any subordinate officer, under officer or any other member of the Force of a rank lower than that of under officer;
- (bb) "Force custody" means the arrest or confinement of a member of the Force in accordance with rules made under this Act;
- (c) "member of the Force" means a person appointed to the Force under this Act;
- (ca) "passenger" shall have the meaning assigned to it in the Railways Act, 1989;

- (cb) "passenger area" shall include railway platform, train, yard and such other area as is frequently visited by passengers;
- (d) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;
- (e) "railway property" includes any goods, money or valuable security, or animal, belonging to, or in the charge or possession of, a railway administration;
- (ea) "subordinate officer" means a person appointed to the Force as an Inspector, a Sub-Inspector or an Assistant Sub-Inspector;
- (f) "superior officer" means any of the officers appointed under section 4 and includes any other officer appointed by the Central Government as a superior officer of the Force;
- (fa) "under officer" means a person appointed to the Force as a Head Constable or Naik;
- (g) words and expressions used but not defined in this Act and defined in the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (9 of 1890), shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them under that Act.

- (2) Any reference in this Act to a law which is not in force in any area shall, in relation to that area, be construed as a reference to the corresponding law, if any, in force in that area.

Constitution of the Force.

- 3. (1) There shall be constituted and maintained by the Central Government an armed force of the Union to be called the Railway Protection Force for the better protection and security of railway property.
- (2) The Force shall be constituted in such manner, shall consist of such number of superior officers, subordinate officers, under officers and other enrolled members of the Force and shall receive such pay and other remuneration as may be prescribed.

**Appointment
and powers of
superior officers.**

4. (1) The Central Government may appoint a person to be the Director-General of the Force and may appoint other persons to be Inspectors-General, Additional Inspectors-General, Deputy Inspectors-General, Assistant Inspectors-General, Senior Commandants, Commandants or Assistant Commandants of the Force.
- (2) The Director General and every other superior officer so appointed shall possess and exercise such powers and authority over the members of the Force under their respective commands as is provided by or under this Act.

**Classes and
ranks among
members of the
Force.**

5. Omitted by the Railway Protection Force (Amendment) Act, 1985 (60 of 1985), s. 6 (w.e.f. 20.09.1985)

**Appointment of
members of the
Force.**

6. The appointment of enrolled members of the Force shall rest with the Inspector-General, Additional Inspector-General or Deputy Inspector-General who shall exercise that power in accordance with rules made under this Act:

Provided that the power of appointment under this section may also be exercised by other superior officer as the Inspector-General, Additional Inspector-General or Deputy Inspector-General concerned may, by order, specify in this behalf.

**Certificates to
members of the
Force.**

7. (1) Every member of the Force shall receive on his appointment a certificate in the form specified in the Schedule, under the seal of the Inspector-General, Additional Inspector-General or Deputy Inspector-General or such other superior officer as the Inspector-General, Additional Inspector-General or Deputy Inspector-General may specify in this behalf, by virtue of which the person holding such certificate shall be vested with the powers of a member of the Force.
- (2) Such certificate shall cease to have effect whenever the person named in it ceases for any reason to be a member of the Force.

Superintendence and administration of the Force.

8. (1) The superintendence of the Force shall vest in the Central Government, and subject thereto and to the provisions of this Act and of any rules made thereunder, the command, supervision and administration of the Force shall vest in the Director General.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), the administration of the Force, within such local limits in relation to a railway as may be prescribed shall be carried on by an Inspector-General, an Additional Inspector-General or a Deputy Inspector-General in accordance with the provisions of this Act and of any rules made thereunder and they shall, subject to any direction that may be given by the Central Government or the Director-General in this behalf discharge his functions under the general supervision of the General Manager of the Railway.

Dismissal, removal, etc., of members of the Force.

9. (1) Subject to the provisions of article 311 of the Constitution and to such rules as the Central Government may make under this Act, any superior officer may-
- (i) dismiss, suspend or reduce in rank any enrolled member of the Force whom he shall think remiss or negligent in the discharge of his duty, or unfit for the same; or
 - (ii) award any one or more of the following punishments to any enrolled member of the Force who discharges his duty in a careless or negligent manner, or who by any act of his own renders himself unfit for the discharge thereof, namely:-
 - (a) fine to any amount not exceeding seven days' pay or reduction in pay scale;
 - (b) confinement to quarters for a period not exceeding fourteen days with or without punishment, drill, extra guard, fatigue or other duty;
 - (c) removal from any office of distinction or deprivation of any special emolument.
- (2) Any enrolled member of the Force aggrieved by an order made under sub-section (1) may, within thirty days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, prefer an appeal against the order to such authority as may be prescribed:

Provided that the prescribed authority may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of thirty days if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

- (3) In disposing of the appeal, the prescribed authority shall follow such procedure as may be prescribed:

Provided that no order imposing an enhanced penalty under sub-section (2) shall be made unless a reasonable opportunity of being heard has been given to the person affected by such order.

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| Officers and members of the Force to be deemed to be railway servants. | 10. | Director-General and every member of the Force shall for all purposes be regarded as railway servants within the meaning of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (9 of 1890), other than chapter VI-A thereof, and shall be entitled to exercise the powers conferred on railway servants by or under that Act. |
| Duties of members of the Force. | 11. | <p>It shall be the duty of every superior officer and member of the Force-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) promptly to execute all orders lawfully issued to him by his superior authority; (b) to protect and safeguard railway property, passenger area and passengers; (c) to remove any obstruction in the movement of railway property or passenger area; and (d) to do any other act conducive to the better protection and security of railway property, passenger area and passengers. |
| Power to arrest without warrant. | 12. | <p>Any member of the Force may, without an order from a Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) any person who voluntarily causes hurt to, or attempts voluntarily to cause hurt to, or wrongfully restrains or attempts wrongfully to restrain, or assaults, threatens to assault, or uses, or threatens or attempts to use, criminal force to him or any other member of the Force in the execution of his duty as such member, or with intent to prevent or to deter him from discharging his duty as such member, or in consequence of anything done or attempted to be done by him in the lawful discharge of his duty as such member; or |

- (ii) any person who has been concerned in, or against whom a reasonable suspicion exists of his having been concerned in, or who is found taking precautions to conceal his presence under circumstances which afford reason to believe that he is taking such precautions with a view to committing a cognizable offence which relates to railway property, passenger area and passengers; or
- (iii) any person found taking precautions to conceal his presence within the railway limits under circumstances which afford reason to believe that he is taking such precautions with a view to committing theft of, or damage to, railway property, passenger area and passengers; or
- (iv) any person who commits or attempts to commit a cognizable offence which involves or which is likely to involve imminent danger to the life of any person engaged in carrying on any work relating to railway property, passenger area or passengers.

Power to search without warrant.

13. (1) Whenever any member of the Force, not below the rank of a Senior Rakshak, has reason to believe that any such offence as is referred to in section 12 has been or is being committed and that a search-warrant cannot be obtained without affording the offender an opportunity of escaping or of concealing evidence of the offence, he may detain him and search his person and belongings forthwith and, if he thinks proper, arrest any person whom he has reason to believe to have committed the offence.
- (2) The provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974) relating to searches under that Code shall, so far as may be, apply to searches under this section.

Procedure to be followed after arrest.

14. Any member of the Force making an arrest under this Act, shall, without unnecessary delay, make over the person so arrested to a police officer together with a detailed report of the circumstances leading to the arrest of such person, or, in the absence of a police officer, take such person or cause him to be taken to the nearest police station.

Officers and members of the Force to be considered always on duty and liable to be employed in any part of the Railways.

15. (1) Every member of the Force shall, for the purposes of this Act, be considered to be always on duty, and shall, at any time, be liable to be employed at any place within India.

(2) No member of the Force shall engage himself in any employment or office other than his duties under this Act.

Restrictions respecting right to form association, etc.

15 A. (1) No member of the Force shall, without the previous sanction in writing of the Central Government or of the prescribed authority, -

(a) be a member of, or be associated in any way with, any trade union, labour union, political association or with any class of trade unions, labour unions or political associations; or

(b) be a member of, or be associated in any way with, any other society, institution, association or organisation that is not recognised as part of the Force or is not of a purely social, recreational or religious nature; or

(c) communicate with the press or publish or cause to be published any book, letter or other document except where such communication or publication is in the *bona fide* discharge of his duties or is of a purely literary, artistic or scientific character or is of a prescribed nature.

Explanation- If any question arises as to whether any society, institution, association or organization is of a purely social, recreational or religious nature under clause (b) of this sub-section, the decision of the Central Government thereon shall be final.

(2) No member of the Force shall participate in, or address, any meeting or take part in any demonstration organised by any body of persons for any political purposes or for such other purposes as may be prescribed.

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| Responsibilities of members of the Force during suspension. | 16. | | A member of the Force shall not by reason of his suspension from office cease to be a member of the Force; and he shall, during that period, be subject to the same responsibilities, discipline and penalties to which he would have been subject if he were on duty. |
| Surrender of certificate, arms, etc., by persons ceasing to be members of the Force. | 16 | (1)
A. | Every person who for any reason ceases to be a member of the Force, shall forthwith surrender to any superior officer empowered to receive the same, his certificate of appointment, the arms, accoutrements, clothing and other articles which have been furnished to him for the performance of his duties as a member of the Force. |
| | | (2) | Any person who wilfully neglects or refuses to surrender his certificate of appointment, the arms, accoutrements, clothing and other articles furnished to him, as required by sub-section (1), shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both. |
| | | (3) | Nothing in this section shall be deemed to apply to any article which, under the orders of the Director General, has become the property of the person to whom the same was furnished. |
| Penalties for neglect of duty, etc. | 17. | (1) | Without prejudice to the provisions contained in section 9, every enrolled member of the Force who shall be guilty of any violation of duty or wilful breach or neglect of any rule or lawful order made by a superior officer, or who shall withdraw from duties of his office without permission, or who, being absent on leave, fails, without reasonable cause, to report himself for duty on the expiration of the leave, or who engages himself without authority for any employment other than his duty as an enrolled member of the Force, or who shall be guilty of cowardice may be taken into Force custody and shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to one year. |
| | | (2) | Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), an offence punishable under this section shall be cognizable and non-bailable. |

- (3) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (2 of 1974), the Central Government may invest Assistant Inspector-General, Senior Commandant or Commandant with the powers of a Magistrate of any class for the purpose of inquiring into or trying any offence committed by an enrolled member of the Force and punishable under this Act, or any offence committed by an enrolled member of the Force against the person or property of another member of the Force:

Provided that-

- (i) when the offender is on leave or absent from duty; or
- (ii) when the offence is not connected with the offender's duties as an enrolled member of the Force; or
- (iii) when it is a petty offence even if connected with the offender's duties as an enrolled member of the Force; or
- (iv) when, for reasons to be recorded in writing, it is not practicable for the Commandant invested with the powers of a Magistrate to inquire into or to try the offence,

the offence may, if the prescribed authority within the limits of whose jurisdiction the offence has been committed so requires, be inquired into or tried by an ordinary criminal court having jurisdiction in the matter.

- (4) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prevent any enrolled member of the Force from being prosecuted under any other law for any offence made punishable by that law, or for being liable under any such law to any other or higher penalty or punishment than is provided for such offence by this section :

Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

**Application of
Act 22 of 1922 to
members of the
Force.**

18.

The Police (Incitement to Disaffection) Act, 1922, shall apply to members of the Force as it applies to members of a police force.

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| Certain Acts not to apply to members of the Force. | 19. | Nothing contained in the Payment of Wages Act, 1936 (4 of 1936), or the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (14 of 1947), or the Factories Act, 1948 (63 of 1948), or any corresponding law relating to investigation and settlement of industrial dispute in force in a State shall apply to members of the Force. |
| Protection of Acts of members of the Force. | 20. | <p>(1) In any suit or proceeding against any member of the Force for any act done by him in the discharge of his duties, it shall be lawful for him to plead that such act was done by him under the orders of a competent authority.</p> <p>(2) Any such plea may be proved by the production of the order directing the act, and if it is so proved, the member of the Force shall thereupon be discharged from any liability in respect of the act so done by him, notwithstanding any defect in the jurisdiction of the authority which issued such order.</p> <p>(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, any legal proceeding, whether civil or criminal, which may lawfully be brought against any member of the Force for anything done or intended to be done under the powers conferred by, or in pursuance of, any provision of this Act or the rules thereunder shall be commenced within three months after the act complained of shall have been committed and not otherwise; and notice in writing of such proceeding and of the cause thereof shall be given to the person concerned and his superior officer at least one month before the commencement of such proceeding.</p> |
| Power to make rules. | 21. | <p>(1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.</p> <p>(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, such rules may provide for -</p> <p style="padding-left: 40px;">(a) regulating the classes and grades and the pay and remuneration of members of the Force and their conditions of service in the Force;</p> |

- (b) regulating the powers and duties of members of the Force authorised to exercise any functions by or under this Act;
 - (c) fixing the period of service for members of the Force;
 - (d) prescribing the description and quantity of arms, accoutrements, clothing and other necessary articles to be furnished to the members of the Force;
 - (e) prescribing the places of residence of the member of the Force;
 - (f) institution, management and regulation of any fund for any purpose connected with the administration of the Force;
 - (g) regulating the punishments and prescribing authorities to whom appeal shall be preferred from orders of punishment, or remission of fines, or other punishments and the procedure to be followed for the disposal of such appeals;
 - (h) regulating matters with respect to Force custody under this Act, including the procedure to be followed for taking persons into such custody;
 - (i) regulating matters with respect to disposal of cases relating to offences under this Act and specifying the places in which persons convicted under this Act may be confined;
 - (j) any other matter which has to be, or may be, imposed, or in respect of which rules are required to be made under this Act.
- (3) Every rule made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.

THE SCHEDULE

(See section 7)

A.B. has been appointed a member of the Railway Protection Force under the Railway Protection Force Act, 1957, and is vested with the powers, functions and privileges of a member of the Force.

ANNEXURE

Extract from the Railway Protection Force (Amendment) Act, 1985 (60 of 1985)

Provisions as to existing Force. 19. (1) The Force constituted under the principal Act as functioning immediately before the commencement of this Act (hereafter in this section referred to as the existing Force) shall, on such commencement, be deemed to be the Force constituted under the principal Act as amended by this Act, and every member of the existing Force holding immediately before such commencement an office mentioned in column (1) of the Table below shall, on such commencement, be deemed to have been appointed to the office mentioned in the corresponding entry in column (2) of the said Table.

TABLE

(1)	(2)
1. Director-General	Director-General.
2. Inspector-General-cum-Chief Security Officer	Inspector-General.
3. Additional Inspector-General-cum- Chief Security Officer	Additional Inspector-General.
4. Additional Inspector-General	Additional Inspector-General.
5. Deputy Inspector-General-cum-Chief Security Officer	Deputy Inspector-General.
6. Deputy Inspector-General	Deputy Inspector-General.
7. Principal, Training College	Principal, Training College.
8. Assistant Inspector-General	Assistant Inspector-General.
9. Deputy Chief Security Officer	Senior Commandant Headquarters.
10. Senior Security Officer	Senior Commandant.
11. Security Officer	Commandant.
12. Staff Officer to Chief Security Officer	Commandant-cum-Staff Officer to Chief Security Officer.
13. Security Officer (Small Arms)	Commandant (Small Arms).
14. Commandant	Commandant.
15. Assistant Security Officer	Assistant Commandant.

(1)	(2)
16. Personal Assistant to Chief Security Officer	Assistant Commandant-cum-Personal Assistant to Chief Security Officer.
17. Adjutant	Assistant Commandant Adjutant.
18. Assistant Commandant	Assistant Commandant.
19. Principal, Training School	Assistant Commandant-cum-Principal, Training School.
20. Vice-Principal, R.P.F. Training College	Assistant Commandant-cum-Vice-Principal, R.P.F. Training College.
21. Inspector	Inspector.
22. Sub-Inspector	Sub-Inspector.
23. Assistant Sub-Inspector	Assistant Sub-Inspector.
24. Head Rakshak	Head Constable.
25. Battalion Havildar Major	Head Constable.
26. Coy. Havildar Major	Head Constable.
27. Senior Rakshak	Naik.
28. Rakshak	Constable.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), any member of the existing Force may, within thirty days from the commencement of this Act, exercise his option by notice in writing to the Director-General-

(a) if such member has been on deputation to the existing Force from any other service, to revert to such other service, and

(b) in any other case, to retire from service, and an option so exercised shall be final, and a member exercising such option shall be permitted, within thirty days from the date on which he exercises such option to revert to the service from which he had been on deputation or, as the case may be, to retire from service.

Explanation: For the purposes of this section, the expression "member" includes an officer, and the expression "Director-General" shall have the same meaning as in the principal Act as amended by this Act.

GAZETTE NOTIFICATIONS

- 1. The RPF Act 1957 (23 of 1957).**
- 2. Appointment of the date of commencement of the RPF Act 1957.**
- 3. The RPF (Amendment) Act 1985 (60 of 1985).**
- 4. Appointment of the date of commencement of the RPF (Amendment) Act 1985.**
- 5. The RPF (Amendment) Act 2003 (52 of 2003).**
- 6. Appointment of the date of commencement of the RPF (Amendment) Act 2003.**

THE RAILWAY PROTECTION FORCE ACT, 1957

No. 23 OF 1957



[29th August, 1957]

An Act to provide for the constitution and regulation of a Force called the Railway Protection Force for the better protection and security of railway property.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Eighth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Railway Protection Force Act, 1957. Short title,
extent and
commence-
ment.

(2) It extends to the whole of India.

(3) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires,— Definitions.

(a) "Force" means the Railway Protection Force constituted under section 3;

(b) "Inspector-General" means the Inspector-General of the Force appointed under section 4;

(c) "member of the Force" means a person appointed to the Force under this Act other than a superior officer;

(d) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Act;

(e) "railway property" includes any goods, money or valuable security, or animal, belonging to, or in the charge or possession of, a railway administration;

Price 0·12 nP. or 3 d.

(f) "superior officer" means any of the officers appointed under section 4 and includes any other officer appointed by the Central Government as a superior officer of the Force;

(g) words and expressions used but not defined in this Act and defined in the Indian Railways Act, 1890, shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them under that Act.

Constitution
of the Force.

3. (1) There shall be constituted and maintained by the Central Government a Force to be called the Railway Protection Force for the better protection and security of railway property.

(2) The Force shall be constituted in such manner, shall consist of such number of superior officers and members of the Force and shall receive such pay and other remuneration as may be prescribed.

Appointment
and powers
of superior
officers.

4. (1) The Central Government may appoint a person to be the Inspector-General of the Force and may appoint other persons to be Chief Security Officers, Security Officers or Assistant Security Officers of the Force.

(2) The Inspector-General and every other superior officer so appointed shall possess and exercise such powers and authority over the members of the Force under their respective commands as is provided by or under this Act.

Classes and
ranks among
members of
the Force.

5. There shall be the following classes of officers and other ranks among the members of the Force, who shall take rank in the order mentioned, namely:—

A. Classes of officers—

- (i) Inspector,
- (ii) Sub-Inspector,
- (iii) Assistant Sub-Inspector.

B. Classes of other ranks—

- (i) Head Rakshak,
- (ii) Senior Rakshak,
- (iii) Rakshak.

Appointment
of members
of the Force.

6. The appointment of members of the Force shall rest with the Chief Security Officers who shall exercise that power in accordance with rules made under this Act:

Provided that the power of appointment under this section may also be exercised by such other superior officer as the Chief Security Officer concerned may by order specify in this behalf.

7. (1) Every member of the Force shall receive on his appointment a certificate in the form specified in the Schedule, under the seal of the Chief Security Officer or such other superior officer as the Chief Security Officer may specify in this behalf, by virtue of which the person holding such certificate shall be vested with the powers of a member of the Force. Certificates to members of the Force.

(2) Such certificate shall cease to have effect whenever the person named in it ceases for any reason to be a member of the Force, and, on his ceasing to be a member of the Force, shall be forthwith surrendered by him to any superior officer empowered to receive the same.

8. (1) The superintendence of the Force shall vest in the Central Government, and subject thereto the administration of the Force shall vest in the Inspector-General and shall be carried on by him in accordance with the provisions of this Act and of any rules made thereunder. Superintendence and administration of the Force.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), the administration of the Force within such local limits in relation to a railway as may be prescribed shall be carried on by the Chief Security Officer in accordance with the provisions of this Act and of any rules made thereunder, and he shall discharge his functions under the general supervision of the General Manager of the Railway.

9. (1) Subject to the provisions of article 311 of the Constitution and to such rules as the Central Government may make under this Act, any superior officer may— Dismissal, removal, etc. of members of the Force.

(i) dismiss, suspend or reduce in rank any member of the Force whom he shall think remiss or negligent in the discharge of his duty, or unfit for the same; or

(ii) award any one or more of the following punishments to any member of the Force who discharges his duty in a careless or negligent manner, or who by any act of his own renders himself unfit for the discharge thereof, namely:—

(a) fine to any amount not exceeding seven days' pay or reduction in pay scale;

(b) confinement to quarters for a period not exceeding fourteen days with or without punishment drill, extra guard, fatigue or other duty;

(c) removal from any office of distinction or deprivation of any special emolument.

(2) Any member of the Force aggrieved by an order made under sub-section (1) may appeal against the order to such authority as may be prescribed, and the decision of the said authority thereon shall be final.

Officers and members of the Force to be deemed to be railway servants.

10. The Inspector-General and every other superior officer and every member of the Force shall for all purposes be regarded as railway servants within the meaning of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, other than Chapter VIA thereof, and shall be entitled to exercise the powers conferred on railway servants by or under that Act.

Duties of members of the Force.

11. It shall be the duty of every superior officer and member of the Force—

- (a) promptly to execute all orders lawfully issued to him by his superior authority;
- (b) to protect and safeguard railway property;
- (c) to remove any obstruction in the movement of railway property; and
- (d) to do any other act conducive to the better protection and security of railway property.

Power to arrest without warrant.

12. Any superior officer or member of the Force may, without an order from a Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest—

- (a) any person who has been concerned in an offence relating to railway property punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months, or against whom a reasonable suspicion exists of his having been so concerned; or
- (b) any person found taking precautions to conceal his presence within railway limits under circumstances which afford reason to believe that he is taking such precautions with a view to committing theft of, or damage to, railway property.

Power to search without warrant.

13. (1) Whenever any superior officer, or any member of the Force, not below the rank of a Senior Rakshak, has reason to believe that any such offence as is referred to in section 12 has been or is being committed and that a search-warrant cannot be obtained without affording the offender an opportunity of escaping or of concealing evidence of the offence, he may detain him and search his person and belongings forthwith and, if he thinks proper, arrest any person whom he has reason to believe to have committed the offence.

(2) The provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, 5 of 1898, relating to searches under that Code shall so far as may be, apply to searches under this section.

14. Any superior officer or member of the Force making an arrest under this Act, shall, without unnecessary delay, make over the person so arrested to a police officer, or, in the absence of a police officer, take such person or cause him to be taken to the nearest police station.

Procedure to be followed after arrest.

15. (1) Every superior officer and member of the Force shall, for the purpose of this Act, be considered to be always on duty, and shall, at any time, be liable to be employed in any part of the railways throughout India.

Officers and members of the Force to be considered always on duty and liable to be employed in any part of the Railways.

(2) No superior officer or member of the Force shall engage himself in any employment or office other than his duties under this Act.

16. A member of the Force shall not by reason of his suspension from office cease to be a member of the Force; and he shall, during that period, be subject to the same responsibilities, discipline and penalties to which he would have been subject if he were on duty.

Responsibilities of members of the Force during suspension.

17. (1) Without prejudice to the provisions contained in section 9, every member of the Force who shall be guilty of any violation of duty or wilful breach or neglect of any rule or regulation of lawful order made by a superior officer, or who shall withdraw from the duties of his office without permission, or who, being absent on leave, fails, without reasonable cause, to report himself for duty on the expiration of the leave, or who engages himself without authority in any employment other than his duty as a member of the Force, or who shall be guilty of cowardice, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to imprisonment for a period not exceeding six months.

Penalties for neglect of duty, etc.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, an offence punishable under this section shall be cognizable.

18. The Police (Incitement to Disaffection) Act, 1922, shall apply to members of the Force as it applies to members of a police force.

Application of Act 22 of 1922 to members of the Force.

19. Nothing contained in the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, or the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, or the Factories Act, 1948, shall apply to members of the Force.

4 of 1936.
14 of 1947.
63 of 1948.

Certain Acts not to apply to members of the Force.

20. (1) In any suit or proceeding against any superior officer or member of the Force for any act done by him in the discharge of his duties, it shall be lawful for him to plead that such act was done by him under the orders of a competent authority.

Protection of acts of members of the Force.

(2) Any such plea may be proved by the production of the order directing the act, and if it is so proved, the superior officer or member of the Force shall thereupon be discharged from any liability in respect of the act so done by him, notwithstanding any defect in the jurisdiction of the authority which issued such order.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, any legal proceeding, whether civil or criminal, which may lawfully be brought against any superior officer or member of the Force for anything done or intended to be done under the powers conferred by, or in pursuance of, any provision of this Act or the rules thereunder shall be commenced within three months after the act complained of shall have been committed and not otherwise; and notice in writing of such proceeding and of the cause thereof shall be given to the person concerned and his superior officer at least one month before the commencement of such proceeding.

Power to
make rules.

21. (1) The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing powers, such rules may provide for—

(a) regulating the classes and grades and the pay and remuneration of superior officers and members of the Force and their conditions of service in the Force;

(b) regulating the powers and duties of superior officers and members of the Force authorised to exercise any functions by or under this Act;

(c) fixing the period of service for superior officers and members of the Force;

(d) regulating the punishments and providing for appeals from, or the revision of, orders of punishment, or the remission of fines or other punishments;

(e) any other matter which has to be, or may be, prescribed.

(3) All rules made under this section shall be laid for not less than thirty days before both Houses of Parliament as soon as possible after they are made and shall be subject to such modifications as Parliament may make during the session in which they are so laid or the session immediately following.

of 1957]

Railway Protection Force

7

THE SCHEDULE

(See section 7)

A.B. has been appointed a member of the Railway Protection Force under the Railway Protection Force Act, 1957, and is vested with the powers, functions and privileges of a member of the Force.

REGISTERED No. 221.

The Gazette of India

EXTRAORDINARY

PART II—Section 1

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No 31] NEW DELHI, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1959/BHADRA 19, 1881

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(Railway Board)

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 10th September 1959

No. 58-Security/16/9.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section 3 of Section 1 of the Railway Protection Force Act, 1957 (23 of 1957), the Central Government hereby appoints the Tenth day of September 1959, as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

R. E. de Sa, Secy.

291

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NEW DELHI AND PUBLISHED BY THE MANAGER OF PUBLICATIONS, DELHI, 1960



भारत का राजपत्र The Gazette of India

असाधारण
EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 1
PART II—Section 1

प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित
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No. 74] NEW DELHI, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1985/BHADRA 18, 1907

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 9th September, 1985/Bhadra 18, 1907 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 6th September, 1985, and is hereby published for general information:—

THE RAILWAY PROTECTION FORCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1985

No. 60 OF 1985

[6th September, 1985.]

An Act to amend the Railway Protection Force Act, 1957.

BE it enacted by Parliament in the Thirty-sixth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Railway Protection Force (Amendment) Act, 1985.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.

2. In the Railway Protection Force Act, 1957 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for long title, the following long title shall be substituted, namely:—

“An Act to provide for the constitution and regulation of an armed force of the Union for the better protection and security of railway property and for matters connected therewith.”

Short
title and
commence-
ment.

Amend-
ment of
long title.

Amend-
ment of
section 2

3. Section 2 of the principal Act shall be renumbered as sub-section (1) thereof, and—

(a) in sub-section (1) as so renumbered,—

(i) for clause (b), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—

“(b) “Director-General” means the Director-General of the Force appointed under sub-section (1) of section 4;

(ba) “enrolled member of the Force” means any subordinate officer, under officer or any other member of the Force of a rank lower than that of under officer;

(bb) “Force custody” means the arrest or confinement of a member of the Force in accordance with rules made under this Act;”;

(ii) in clause (c), the words “other than the superior officer” shall be omitted;

(iii) after clause (e), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(ea) “subordinate officer” means a person appointed to the Force as an Inspector, a Sub-Inspector or an Assistant Sub-Inspector;”;

(iv) after clause (f), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(fa) “under officer” means a person appointed to the Force as a Head Constable or Naik;”;

(v) after sub-section (1) as so renumbered, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

“(2) Any reference in this Act to a law which is not in force in any area shall, in relation to that area, be construed as a reference to the corresponding law, if any, in force in that area.”.

Amend-
ment of
section 3

4. In section 3 of the principal Act,—

(a) in sub-section (1), for the words “a Force”, the words “an armed force of the Union” shall be substituted;

(b) in sub-section (2), for the words “superior officers and members”, the words “superior officers, subordinate officers, under officers and other enrolled members” shall be substituted.

Amend-
ment of
section 4

5. In section 4 of the principal Act,—

(a) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) The Central Government may appoint a person to be the Director-General of the Force and may appoint other persons to be Inspectors-General, Additional Inspectors-General, Deputy Inspectors-General, Assistant Inspectors-General, Senior Commandants, Commandants or Assistant Commandants of the Force.”;

(b) in sub-section (2), for the expression "Inspector-General", the expression "Director-General" shall be substituted.

6. Section 5 of the principal Act shall be omitted.

Omission of section 5.

7. For section 6 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Substitution of new section for section 6.

"6. The appointment of enrolled members of the Force shall rest with the Inspector-General, Additional Inspector-General or Deputy Inspector-General who shall exercise that power in accordance with rules made under this Act:

Appointment of members of the Force.

Provided that the power of appointment under this section may also be exercised by other superior officer as the Inspector-General, Additional Inspector-General or Deputy Inspector-General concerned may, by order, specify in this behalf."

8. In section 7 of the principal Act,—

Amendment of section

(a) in sub-section (1), for the words "Chief Security Officer", at both the places where they occur, the words "Inspector-General, Additional Inspector-General or Deputy Inspector-General" shall be substituted;

(b) in sub-section (2), the words "and on his ceasing to be a member of the Force shall be forthwith surrendered by him to any superior officer empowered to receive the same" shall be omitted.

9. For section 8 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Substitution of new section for section 8.

"8. (1) The superintendence of the Force shall vest in the Central Government, and subject thereto and to the provisions of this Act and of any rules made thereunder, the command, supervision and administration of the Force shall vest in the Director-General.

Superintendence and administration of the Force.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), the administration of the Force, within such local limits in relation to a railway as may be prescribed shall be carried on by an Inspector-General, an Additional Inspector-General or a Deputy Inspector-General in accordance with the provisions of this Act and of any rules made thereunder and they shall, subject to any direction that may be given by the Central Government or the Director-General in this behalf discharge his functions under the general supervision of the General Manager of the Railway."

10. In section 9 of the principal Act,—

Amendment of section 9

(a) in sub-section (1), for the word "member", at both the places where it occurs, the words "enrolled member" shall be substituted;

(b) for sub-section (2), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—

“(2) Any enrolled member of the Force aggrieved by an order made under sub-section (1) may, within thirty days from the date on which the order is communicated to him, prefer an appeal against the order to such authority as may be prescribed:

Provided that the prescribed authority may entertain the appeal after the expiry of the said period of thirty days if it is satisfied that the appellant was prevented by sufficient cause from filing the appeal in time.

(3) In disposing of the appeal, the prescribed authority shall follow such procedure as may be prescribed:

Provided that no order imposing an enhanced penalty under sub-section (2) shall be made unless a reasonable opportunity of being heard has been given to the person affected by such order.”.

Substi-
tution
of new
section
for sec-
tion 12.

11. For section 12 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:

Power to
arrest
without
warrant.

“12. Any member of the Force may, without an order from a Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest—

(i) any person who voluntarily causes hurt to, or attempts voluntarily to cause hurt to, or wrongfully restrains or attempts wrongfully to restrain, or assaults, threatens to assault, or uses, or threatens or attempts to use, criminal force to him or any other member of the Force in the execution of his duty as such member, or with intent to prevent or to deter him from discharging his duty as such member, or in consequence of anything done or attempted to be done by him in the lawful discharge of his duty as such member; or

(ii) any person who has been concerned in, or against whom a reasonable suspicion exists of his having been concerned in, or who is found taking precautions to conceal his presence under circumstances which afford reason to believe that he is taking such precautions with a view to committing a cognizable offence which relates to railway property; or

(iii) any person found taking precautions to conceal his presence within the railway limits under circumstances which afford reason to believe that he is taking such precautions with a view to committing theft of, or damage to, railway property; or

(iv) any person who commits or attempts to commit a cognizable offence which involves or which is likely to involve imminent danger to the life of any person engaged in carrying on any work relating to railway property.”.

12. In section 15 of the principal Act,—

(a) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) Every member of the Force shall, for the purposes of this Act, be considered to be always on duty, and shall, at any time, be liable to be employed at any place within India.”;

(b) in sub-section (2), the words “superior officer or” shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 15.

13. After section 15 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Insertion of new section 15A.

“15A. (1) No member of the Force shall, without the previous sanction in writing of the Central Government or of the prescribed authority,—

(a) be a member of, or be associated in any way with, any trade union, labour union, political association or with any class of trade unions, labour unions or political associations; or

(b) be a member of, or be associated in any way with, any other society, institution, association or organisation that is not recognised as part of the Force or is not of a purely social, recreational or religious nature; or

(c) communicate with the press or publish or cause to be published any book, letter or other document except where such communication or publication is in the *bona fide* discharge of his duties or is of a purely literary, artistic or scientific character or is of a prescribed nature.

Restrictions respecting right to form association, etc.

Explanation.—If any question arises as to whether any society, institution, association or organisation is of a purely social, recreational or religious nature under clause (b) of this sub-section, the decision of the Central Government thereon shall be final.

(2) No member of the Force shall participate in, or address, any meeting or take part in any demonstration organised by any body of persons for any political purposes or for such other purposes as may be prescribed.”.

14. After section 16 of the principal Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Insertion of new section 16A.

“16A. (1) Every person who for any reason ceases to be a member of the Force, shall forthwith surrender to any superior officer empowered to receive the same, his certificate of appointment, the arms, accoutrements, clothing and other articles which have been furnished to him for the performance of his duties as a member of the Force.

(2) Any person who wilfully neglects or refuses to surrender his certificate of appointment, the arms, accoutrements, clothing and other articles furnished to him, as required by sub-section (1), shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may

Surrender of certificate, arms, etc., by persons ceasing to be members of the Force.

extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to apply to any article which, under the orders of the Director-General, has become the property of the person to whom the same was furnished.”.

Substi-
tution of
new sec-
tion for
section 17.

Penal-
ties for
neglect
of duty,
etc.

15. For section 17 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

“17. (1) Without prejudice to the provisions contained in section 9, every enrolled member of the Force who shall be guilty of any violation of duty or wilful breach or neglect of any rule or lawful order made by a superior officer, or who shall withdraw from duties of his office without permission, or who, being absent on leave, fails, without reasonable cause, to report himself for duty on the expiration of the leave, or who engages himself without authority for any employment other than his duty as an enrolled member of the Force, or who shall be guilty of cowardice may be taken into Force custody and shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to one year.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, an offence punishable under this section shall be cognizable and non-bailable.

2 of 1974.

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973, the Central Government may invest Assistant Inspector-General, Senior Commandant or Commandant with the powers of a Magistrate of any class for the purpose of inquiring into or trying any offence committed by an enrolled member of the Force and punishable under this Act, or any offence committed by an enrolled member of the Force against the person or property of another member of the Force:

2 of 1974.

Provided that—

- (i) when the offender is on leave or absent from duty; or
- (ii) when the offence is not connected with the offender's duties as an enrolled member of the Force; or
- (iii) when it is a petty offence even if connected with the offender's duties as an enrolled member of the Force; or
- (iv) when, for reasons to be recorded in writing, it is not practicable for the Commandant invested with the powers of a Magistrate to inquire into or to try the offence,

the offence may, if the prescribed authority within the limits of whose jurisdiction the offence has been committed so requires, be inquired into or tried by an ordinary criminal court having jurisdiction in the matter.

(4) Nothing contained in this section shall be construed to prevent any enrolled member of the Force from being prosecuted under any other law for any offence made punishable by that law, or for

being liable under any such law to any other or higher penalty or punishment than is provided for such offence by this section:

Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence."

16. For section 19 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Substi-
tution of
new
section
for sec-
tion 19.

4 of 1936.
14 of 1947.
63 of 1948.

"19. Nothing contained in the Payment of Wages Act, 1936, or the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, or the Factories Act, 1948, or any corresponding law relating to investigation and settlement of industrial dispute in force in a State shall apply to members of the Force."

Certain
Acts not to
apply to
members
of the
Force.

17. In section 21 of the principal Act,—

Amend-
ment of
section
21.

(a) in sub-section (2),—

(i) in clauses (a), (b) and (c), the words "superior officers and" shall be omitted;

(ii) for clauses (d) and (e), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—

"(d) prescribing the description and quantity of arms, accoutrements, clothing and other necessary articles to be furnished to the members of the Force;

(e) prescribing the places of residence of the member of the Force;

(f) institution, management and regulation of any fund for any purpose connected with the administration of the Force;

(g) regulating the punishments and prescribing authorities to whom appeal shall be preferred from orders of punishment, or remission of fines, or other punishments and the procedure to be followed for the disposal of such appeals;

(h) regulating matters with respect to Force custody under this Act, including the procedure to be followed for taking persons into such custody;

(i) regulating matters with respect to disposal of cases relating to offences under this Act and specifying the places in which persons convicted under this Act may be confined;

(j) any other matter which has to be, or may be, imposed, or in respect of which rules are required to be made under this Act;"

(b) for sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

“(3) Every rule made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be after it is made, before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.”.

Conse-
quential
amend-
ments.

18. The amendments directed in the Schedule (being amendments of a consequential nature) shall be made in the principal Act.

Provi-
sions as
to exist-
ing
Force.

19. (1) The Force constituted under the principal Act as functioning immediately before the commencement of this Act (hereafter in this section referred to as the existing Force) shall, on such commencement, be deemed to be the Force constituted under the principal Act as amended by this Act, and every member of the existing Force holding immediately before such commencement an office mentioned in column (1) of the Table below shall, on such commencement, be deemed to have been appointed to the office mentioned in the corresponding entry in column (2) of the said Table.

TABLE

(1)	(2)
1. Director-General	Director-General.
2. Inspector-General-cum-Chief Security Officer.	Inspector-General.
3. Additional Inspector-General-cum-Chief Security Officer.	Additional Inspector-General.
4. Additional Inspector-General	Additional Inspector General.
5. Deputy Inspector-General-cum-Chief Security Officer.	Deputy Inspector-General.
6. Deputy Inspector-General	Deputy Inspector-General.
7. Principal, Training College	Principal, Training College.
8. Assistant Inspector-General	Assistant Inspector-General.
9. Deputy Chief Security Officer	Senior Commandant Headquarters.
10. Senior Security Officer	Senior Commandant.
11. Security Officer	Commandant.

(1)	(2)
12. Staff Officer to Chief Security Officer	Commandant-cum-Staff Officer to Chief Security Officer.
13. Security Officer (Small Arms)	Commandant (Small Arms).
14. Commandant	Commandant.
15. Assistant Security Officer	Assistant Commandant.
16. Personal Assistant to Chief Security Officer.	Assistant Commandant-cum-Personal Assistant to Chief Security Officer.
17. Adjutant	Assistant Commandant Adjutant.
18. Assistant Commandant	Assistant Commandant.
19. Principal, Training School	Assistant Commandant-cum-Principal, Training School.
20. Vice-Principal, R.P.F. Training College	Assistant Commandant-cum-Vice-Principal, R.P.F. Training College.
21. Inspector	Inspector.
22. Sub-Inspector	Sub-Inspector.
23. Assistant Sub-Inspector	Assistant Sub-Inspector.
24. Head Rakshak	Head Constable.
25. Battalion Havildar Major	Head Constable.
26. Coy. Havildar Major	Head Constable.
27. Senior Rakshak	Naik.
28. Rakshak	Constable.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1), any member of the existing Force may, within thirty days from the commencement of this Act, exercise his option by notice in writing to the Director-General—

(a) if such member has been on deputation to the existing Force from any other service, to revert to such other service, and

(b) in any other case, to retire from service, and an option so exercised shall be final, and a member exercising such option shall be permitted, within thirty days from the date on which he exercises such option to revert to the service from which he had been on deputation or, as the case may be, to retire from service.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this section, the expression “member” includes an officer, and the expression “Director-General” shall have the same meaning as in the principal Act as amended by this Act.

THE SCHEDULE

(See section 18)

CONSEQUENTIAL AMENDMENTS

1. Section 10—For “the Inspector-General and every other superior officer and every member of the Force”, substitute “Director-General and every member of the Force”.
2. Section 13—(a) in sub-section (1), omit “any superior officer or”.
(b) in sub-section (2), for “Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898”, substitute “Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973”.
3. Section 14—Omit “superior officer or”.
4. Section 20—Omit “superior officer or”, wherever they occur.

5 of 1898.
2 of 1974.

R. V. S. PERI SASTRI,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

भारत का राजपत्र
The Gazette of India

असाधारण
EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii)
PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

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No. 448] NEW DELHI, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 18, 1985/BHADRA 27, 1907

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रखा जा सके

Separate Paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a
separate compilation

रेल मंत्रालय

(रेलवे बोर्ड)

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 18 सितम्बर, 1985

का. आ. 676 (अ) :—रेल सुरक्षा बल (संशोधन) अधिनियम, 1985
(1985 का 60) की धारा 1 की उपधारा (2) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग
करते हुए केन्द्रीय सरकार एतद्वारा उक्त अधिनियम के लागू होने की तारीख
20 सितम्बर, 1985 निश्चित करती है।

[फाइल सं. 84/डीजी/आरपीएफ/एएफ/कानफीड सियल]

अमर नाथ वांच, सचिव, रेलवे बोर्ड।

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(Railway Board)

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 18th September, 1985

S.O. 676(E) --In exercise of the powers conferred by the sub-section (2) of Section 1 of the Railway Protection Force (Amendment) Act, 1985 (60 of 1985), the Central Government hereby appoints the 20th September, 1985, as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

[No. 84/DG/RPF/AF/Confdl.]

A. N. WANCHOO, Secy. Railway Board

भारत का राजपत्र
The Gazette of India

असाधारण
EXTRAORDINARY
भाग II — खण्ड 1
PART II — Section 1
प्राधिकार से प्रकाशित
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सं० 66] नई दिल्ली, मंगलवार, दिसम्बर 23, 2003/ पौष 2, 1925
No. 66] NEW DELHI, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 23, 2003/ PAUSA 2, 1925

इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या दी जाती है जिससे कि यह अलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।
Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE

(Legislative Department)

New Delhi, the 23rd December, 2003/Pausa 2, 1925 (Saka)

The following Act of Parliament received the assent of the President on the 23rd December, 2003 and is hereby published for general information:—

THE RAILWAY PROTECTION FORCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 2003

No. 52 OF 2003

[23rd December, 2003]

An Act further to amend the Railway Protection Force Act, 1957.

Be it enacted by Parliament in the Fifty-fourth Year of the Republic of India as follows:—

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1. (1) This Act may be called the Railway Protection Force (Amendment) Act, 2003. | Short title and commencement. |
| (2) It shall come into force on such date as the Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint. | |
| 23 of 1957. 2. In the Railway Protection Force Act, 1957 (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), in the long title, for the words "railway property", the words "railway property, passenger area and passengers" shall be substituted. | Amendment of long title. |
| 3. In section 2 of the principal Act, after clause (c), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:— | Amendment of section 2. |
| 24 of 1989. '(ca) "passenger" shall have the meaning assigned to it in the Railways Act, 1989; | |

(cb) "passenger area" shall include railway platform, train, yard and such other area as is frequently visited by passengers;'

Substitution
of new
section for
section 11.

4. For section 11 of the principal Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Duties of
members of
Force.

"11. It shall be the duty of every superior officer and member of the Force—

(a) promptly to execute all orders lawfully issued to him by his superior authority;

(b) to protect and safeguard railway property, passenger area and passengers;

(c) to remove any obstruction in the movement of railway property or passenger area; and

(d) to do any other act conducive to the better protection and security of railway property, passenger area and passengers."

Amendment
of section
12.

5. In section 12 of the principal Act, for the words "railway property" wherever they occur, the words "railway property, passenger area and passengers" shall be substituted.

Amendment
of section
14.

6. In section 14 of the principal Act, for the words "to a police officer", the words "to a police officer together with a detailed report of the circumstances leading to the arrest of such person" shall be substituted.

T. K. VISWANATHAN,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.



भारत का राजपत्र The Gazette of India

असाधारण
EXTRAORDINARY

भाग II—खण्ड 3—उप-खण्ड (ii)
PART II—Section 3—Sub-section (ii)

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रेल मंत्रालय

(रेलवे बोर्ड)

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 17 मई, 2004

का.आ. 591(अ).—रेल (द्वितीय संशोधन) अधिनियम, 2003 (2003 का 51) की धारा 1 की उपधारा (2) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केंद्र सरकार एतद्वारा 1 जुलाई, 2004 को वह तिथि निर्धारित करती है जिस तिथि से यह अधिनियम प्रवृत्त होगा।

[फा. सं. 2004/सिक. (स्पे.)/6/1]

वी.एन. माथुर, सचिव (रेलवे बोर्ड) एवं पदेन अपर सचिव

MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS

(RAILWAY BOARD)

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 17th May, 2004

S.O. 591(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (2) of Section 1 of the Railways (Second Amendment) Act, 2003 (51 of 2003), the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st day of July, 2004, as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

[F. No. 2004/Sec. (Spl.)/6/1]

V.N. MATHUR, Secy. (RB) & ex-Officio Addl. Secy.

अधिसूचना

नई दिल्ली, 17 मई, 2004

का.आ. 592(अ).—रेल संरक्षण बल (संशोधन) अधिनियम, 2003 (2003 का 52) की धारा 1 की उपधारा (2) द्वारा प्रदत्त शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, केंद्र सरकार एतद्वारा 1 जुलाई, 2004 को वह तिथि निर्धारित करती है जिस तिथि से यह अधिनियम प्रवृत्त होगा।

[फा. सं. 2004/सिक. (स्पे.)/6/1]

वी.एन. माथुर, सचिव (रेलवे बोर्ड) एवं पदेन अपर सचिव

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 17th May, 2004

S.O. 592(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (2) of Section 1 of the Railway Protection Force (Amendment) Act, 2003 (52 of 2003), the Central Government hereby appoints the 1st day of July, 2004, as the date on which the said Act shall come into force.

[F. No. 2004/Sec. (Spl.)/6/1]

V.N. MATHUR, Secy. (RB) & ex-Officio Addl. Secy.

NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 17th May, 2004

S.O. 593(E).—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sub-section (2) of Section 179 of the Railways Act, 1989 (24 of 1989), the Central Government hereby notifies all the officers of and above the rank of Assistant Sub-inspector in the Railway Protection Force as the “officer authorized” for the purposes of the said Act.

[F. No. 2004/Sec. (Spl.)/6/1]

V.N. MATHUR, Secy. (RB) & ex-Officio Addl. Secy.